

Day 5
Problems #17-20
Functions Performance
Task Part A
PC.FLQE.4, PC.AAPR.3

Day 10 Problems #37-40 Functions Performance Task Part B A2.AREI.2, PC.AAPR.3

Functions Performance Task

Roller Coaster Crew

Jim and Michelle have summer internships at an engineering firm. As part of their internship, they get to assist in the planning of a brand new roller coaster. For this assignment, you help Jim and Michelle as they tackle the math behind some simple curves in the coaster's track.

Part A

The first part of Jim and Michelle's roller coaster is a curved pattern that can be represented by a polynomial function.

1. Michelle has a list of possible functions. Pick one of the g(x) functions below and then describe to Michelle the key features of g(x), including the end behavior, y-intercept, and zeros.

$$g(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 4$$

$$g(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18$$

$$g(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x + 12$$

exercises of g(x), including the end bendered a.
$$g(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 4$$
b. $g(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18$
c. $g(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x + 12$
d. $g(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 25x - 50$

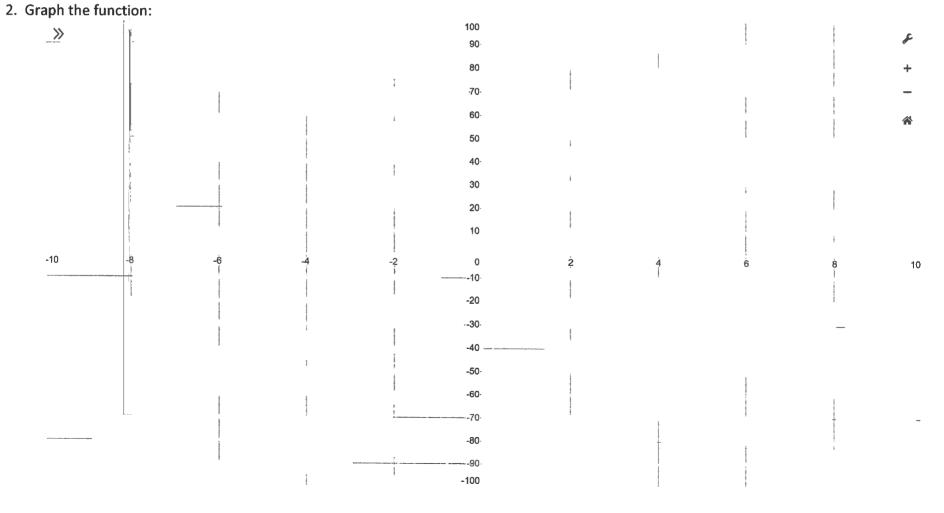
e.
$$g(x) = x^3 + 14x^2 - 2x - 14$$

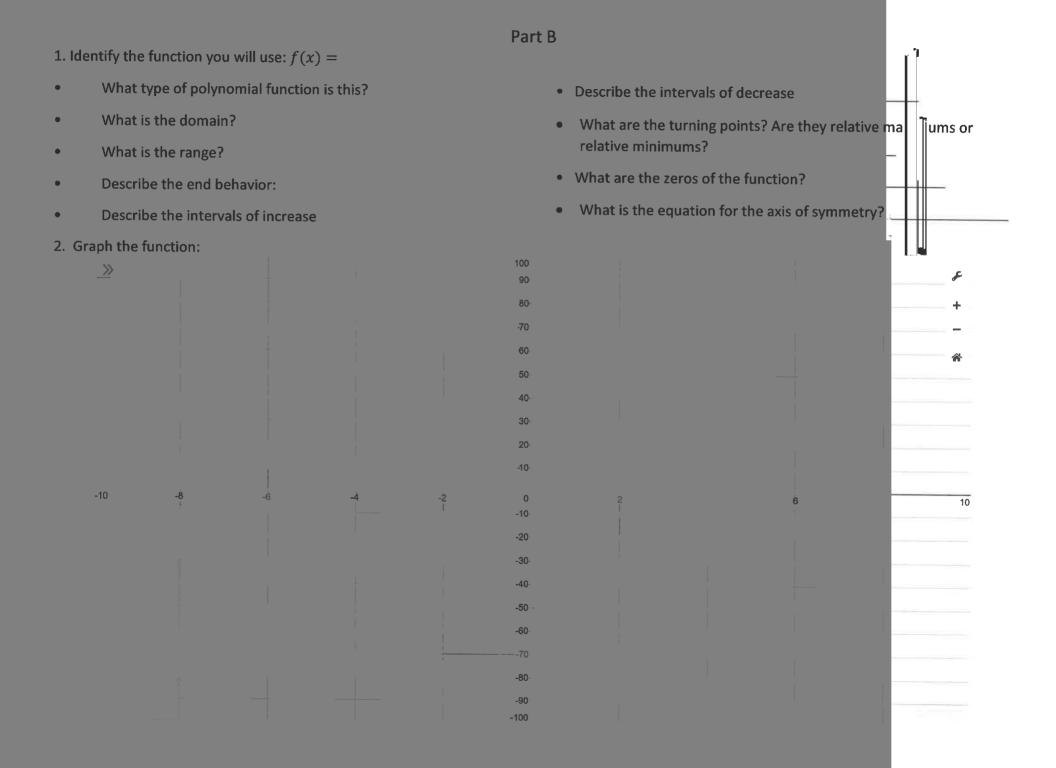
Functions Performance Task

Part A

- 1. Identify the function you will use: g(x) =
- What type of polynomial function is this?
- What is the domain?
- What is the range?
- Describe the end behavior:
- Describe the intervals of increase

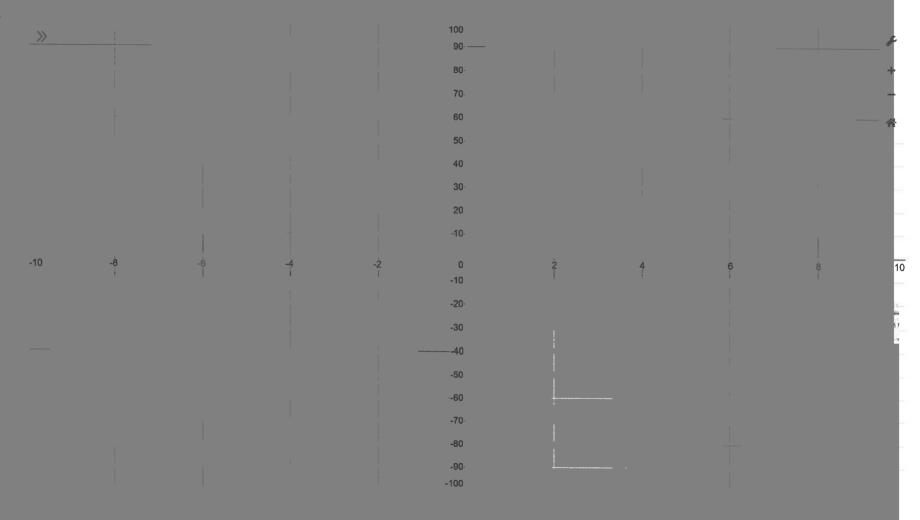
- Describe the intervals of decrease
- What are the turning points? Are they relative maximums or relative minimums?
- What are the zeros of the function?





1. Graph the entire Roller Coaster. Make sure to label all intercepts & critical points.

2.

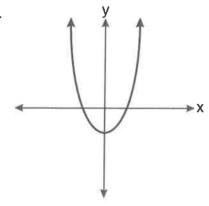


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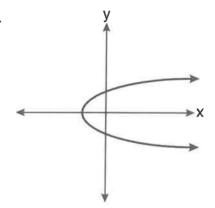
Date:

1. Which graph represents a one-to-one function?

A.



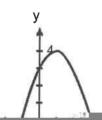
B.



C.



7. Which is an equation of the parabola shown in the accompanying diagram?



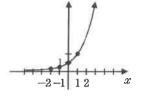
9. Which is the equation of the graph below?

A.
$$y \log_2 x$$

B.
$$y = -\log_2 x$$

C.
$$y = 2^x$$

D.
$$y = 2^{-x}$$



8. Which equation represents the parabola shown in the accompanying graph?

A.
$$y = \log x$$

B. $y = \log_2 x$
C. $y = 2^x$

D.
$$y = 10^x$$

- A. $f(x) = (x+1)^2 3$
- B. $f(x) = -(x-3)^2 + 1$
- C. $f(x) = -(x+3)^2 + 1$
- D. $f(x) = -(x-3)^2 3$

11. Which equation models the data in the accompanying table?

 Time in hours, x
 0
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6

 Population, y
 5
 10
 20
 40
 80
 160
 320

A.
$$y = 2x + 5$$

B.
$$y = 2^x$$

C.
$$y = 2x$$

D.
$$y = 5(2^x)$$

- 12. The height, f(x), of a bouncing ball after x
- 14. Which statement about the graph of the equation

- 15. Solve for the positive value of x: $\log_x 9 = 2$
- Which equation is represented by the accompanying graph?

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- 16. If $\log_9 x = \frac{3}{2}$, what is the value of x?
- A. $\frac{3}{2}$ B. 8 C. $\frac{27}{2}$ D. 27

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- 17. If $\log 28 = \log 4 + \log x$, what is the value of x?
- A. 7 B. 14 C. 24 D. 32

- A. $y = 2^x$
- B. $y = -2^x$
- C. $y = 2^{-x}$
- D. $y = x^2 2$
- 18. In the equation $\log_x 4 + \log_x 9 = 2$, x is equal to
 - A. $\sqrt{13}$ B. 6 C. 6.5 D. 18



- 21. Express $\sqrt{27}$ correct to three decimal places. 25. $\sqrt[6]{108}$ is equivalent to:
 - 5100 B 5 106. C 5100 D 50
- - A ./23/2 B 3/25/12

22. The numbers $\sqrt{7}$ 12 $\sqrt{3/25}$ emented in increasing

- C. $1 + \sqrt{15}$ D. none of these

- 23. $625^{-3/4} =$
 - A. -125 B. 0.2 C. 125 D. 0.008

- 27 If x and $a \neq 0$ are real numbers, $\sqrt{\frac{49x^2}{a^4}}$ is equal
 - A. $\frac{\pm 7|x|}{a^2}$
- B. $\frac{7x}{a^2}$
- C. $\frac{7|x|}{a^2}$
- D. none of these

- 24. $\left(\frac{216}{15625}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ is equal to:

- A. $\frac{6}{25}$ B. $\frac{125}{6}$ C. $\frac{36}{625}$ D. $\frac{625}{36}$
- 28. Simplify: $\sqrt{56x^2y^7} \cdot \sqrt{8xy}$

 - A. $8xy^{4}\sqrt{7x}$ B. $7x^{2}y^{4}\sqrt{64x}$ C. $8x^{3}y^{7}\sqrt{7y}$ D. none of these

- 29. Simplify: $\frac{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{50}}{\sqrt{2}}$
 - A. $\sqrt{29}$
- B. 7
- C. $\sqrt{8} + 5$
- D. none of these
- 33. Simplify $(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{3}) (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2})^2$

 - A. -1 B. $\sqrt{2x-5}$

 - C. $2\sqrt{2x} 5$ D. $2x + 2\sqrt{2x} 5$

- 30. $6\sqrt{3} \sqrt{12}$ can be written as:
 - A. $\sqrt{48}$
- B. $20\sqrt{0.12}$
- C. all of these D. none of these
- 34. If $3 + \sqrt{3}$ is divided by $2 + \sqrt{3}$, the result is:
- A. $3 \sqrt{3}$ B. $3 + \sqrt{3}$ C. $\sqrt{3} 3$
- D. none of these

- There is a second of the secon
- A. 4 B. 8 C. -16
- D. none of these

- 35. The sum of $\frac{3}{2-\sqrt{2}}$ and $\frac{3}{2+\sqrt{2}}$ is:
 - A. 1.5 B. 6 C. $\frac{3}{4}$
- D. none of these

- 32. The value of $(2 \sqrt[4]{9})(2 + \sqrt[4]{9})$ is:
- A. 1 B. 9 C. -5
- D. none of these

- 36. The sum of $\frac{5}{3+\sqrt{3}}$ and $\frac{5}{3-\sqrt{3}}$ is:
- A. $\frac{10}{6}$ B. 5 C. $-10\frac{3}{6}$
- D. none of these

- 37. The number of real solutions of the equation $(\sqrt{3x-2} + \sqrt{2x-3}) = 1$ is:
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

38. Find the sum of the solutions for the following equation:

$$x + \sqrt{x+5} = 7$$

- A. 15
- B. 0

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- C. 4
- D. no solution

39. What is the sum of the solutions of:

$$\sqrt{1-x} = x + 5$$

- A. -11
- B. 11 C. -3 D. -4

- 40. Find the solution set of the real numbers for the radical equation $\sqrt{2x+1} = 1 + \sqrt{x}$.
- B. $\{0, -4\}$ C. $\{0, 4\}$
- D. none of these

page 8